

SISTEM BILANGAN

<i>Decimal (Base 10)</i>	<i>Binary (Base 2)</i>	<i>Octal (Base 8)</i>	<i>Hexadecimal (Base 16)</i>
0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1
2	10	2	2
3	11	3	3
4	100	4	4
5	101	5	5
6	110	6	6
7	111	7	7
8	1000	10	8
9	1001	11	9
10	1010	12	A
11	1011	13	B
12	1100	14	C
13	1101	15	D
14	1110	16	E
15	1111	17	F

Convert the binary number $(1101.101)_2$ to its decimal equivalent.

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned}
 (1101.101)_2 &= 1 \times 2^3 + 1 \times 2^2 + 0 \times 2^1 + 1 \times 2^0 + 1 \times 2^{-1} + 0 \times 2^{-2} + 1 \times 2^{-3} \\
 &= 8 + 4 + 0 + 1 + 0.5 + 0 + 0.125 = (13.625)_{10}
 \end{aligned}$$

Convert the octal number $(540.6)_8$ to its decimal equivalent.

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned}
 (540.6)_8 &= 5 \times 8^2 + 4 \times 8^1 + 0 \times 8^0 + 6 \times 8^{-1} \\
 &= 5 \times 64 + 4 \times 8 + 0 \times 1 + 6 \times 8^{-1} = (352.75)_{10}
 \end{aligned}$$

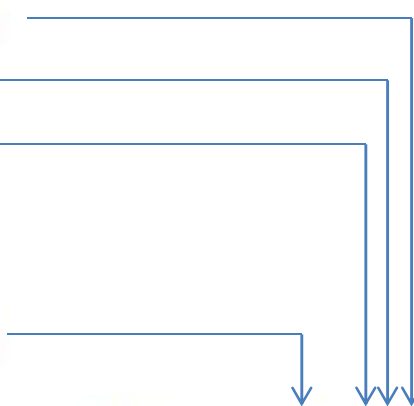
Convert the hexadecimal number $(DB0.A)_{16}$ to its decimal equivalent.

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned}
 (DB0.A)_{16} &= D \times 16^2 + B \times 16^1 + 0 \times 16^0 + A \times 16^{-1} \\
 &= 13 \times 256 + 11 \times 16 + 0 \times 1 + 10 \times 16^{-1} = (3,504.625)_{10}
 \end{aligned}$$

Convert the decimal number $(39)_{10}$ to its binary equivalent.

Solution:

$$\begin{array}{l} 39/2 = \text{Quotient } 19 + \text{Remainder } 1 \text{ (lsb)} \\ 19/2 = \text{Quotient } 9 + \text{Remainder } 1 \\ 9/2 = \text{Quotient } 4 + \text{Remainder } 1 \\ 4/2 = \text{Quotient } 2 + \text{Remainder } 0 \\ 2/2 = \text{Quotient } 1 + \text{Remainder } 0 \\ 1/2 = \text{Quotient } 0 + \text{Remainder } 1 \text{ (msb)} \end{array}$$


$(39)_{10} = (100111)_2$

Convert the decimal number $(0.39654)_{10}$ to its binary equivalent.

Solution:

$$\begin{array}{l} 0.39654 \times 2 = 0.79308 = \mathbf{0} \text{ (msb of binary number)} + 0.79308 \\ 0.79308 \times 2 = 1.58616 = \mathbf{1} \text{ (next binary digit)} + 0.58616 \\ 0.58616 \times 2 = 1.17232 = \mathbf{1} + 0.17232 \\ 0.17232 \times 2 = 0.34464 = \mathbf{0} + 0.34464 \\ \text{and so on} \end{array}$$

$$(0.39654)_{10} = (0.0110\dots)_2$$

Convert the decimal number $(0.84375)_{10}$ to its binary equivalent.

Solution:

$$\begin{array}{l} 0.84375 \times 2 = 1.6875 = \mathbf{1} \text{ (msb of binary number)} + 0.6875 \\ 0.6875 \times 2 = 1.375 = \mathbf{1} \text{ (next binary digit)} + 0.375 \\ 0.375 \times 2 = 0.75 = \mathbf{0} + 0.75 \\ 0.75 \times 2 = 1.5 = \mathbf{1} + 0.5 \\ 0.5 \times 2 = 1.0 = \mathbf{1} \text{ (lsb)} + 0.0 \\ (0.84375)_{10} = (0.11011)_2 \end{array}$$

For this example, the conversion is exact; this is because

$$(0.84375)_{10} = (0.11011)_2 = 1 \times 2^{-1} + 1 \times 2^{-2} + 0 \times 2^{-3} + 1 \times 2^{-4} + 1 \times 2^{-5}$$

Convert the decimal number $(39.84375)_{10}$ to its binary equivalent.

Solution:

$$(39)_{10} = (100111)_2$$

$$(0.84375)_{10} = (0.11011)_2$$

$$(39.84375)_{10} = (100111.11011)_2$$

Convert the decimal number $(389.125)_{10}$ to its hexadecimal equivalent.

Solution:

$$389/16 = \text{Quotient } 24 + \text{Remainder } 5 \text{ (lsb)}$$

$$24/16 = \text{Quotient } 1 + \text{Remainder } 8$$

$$1/16 = \text{Quotient } 0 + \text{Remainder } 1 \text{ (msb)}$$

$$0.125 \times 16 = 2.0 = \mathbf{2} \text{ (msb of fractional part)} + 0.0$$

$$(389.125)_{10} = (185.2)_{16}$$